

Citizens Advisory Board

Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory

03-CAB-024

January 24, 2002

<u>Chair:</u> Monte Wilson

Vice Chair: Robert Kaestner

Members:
Karen Corrigan
Kenneth Erickson
William Flanery
Charles Geska
Annemarie Goldstein
David Kipping
Lawrence Knight
R.D. Maynard
Marilyn L. Paarmann
Willie Preacher
J. Michael Purce
F. Dave Rydalch

Ex-officios: Kathleen Trever Wayne Pierre Gerald C. Bowman

INEEL Liaisons: Sue Stiger Carol Mascareñas

CAB Support Staff; Penny Pink Wendy Green Lowe Eilene Horne Lori McNamara Katie Hain
Environmental Restoration Manager
U.S. Department of Energy
Idaho Operations Office
850 Energy Drive
Idaho Falls, ID 83401

Kathleen Trever INEEL Oversight Program Dept. of Environmental Quality 1410 N. Hilton Boise, ID 83706

Wayne Pierre Environmental Cleanup Office U.S. EPA (ECL-113) 1200 6th Avenue Seattle, WA 98101

Dear Ms. Hain, Ms. Trever, and Mr. Pierre:

The Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory (INEEL) Citizens Advisory Board (CAB) understands that the U.S. Department of Energy Idaho Operations Office (DOE-ID), Region X of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and the State of Idaho have selected a preferred alternative for the disposition of the contents of the V-Tanks, located in Waste Area Group (WAG) 1 at Test Area North (TAN) on the INEEL.

This letter transmits INEEL CAB Recommendation #102, addressing our comments on the proposed approach for treating and disposing the contents of the V-Tanks. It was reached through consensus at the January 2003 meeting of the INEEL CAB in Idaho Falls, Idaho.

The INEEL CAB remains interested in the ongoing cleanup at WAG 1, and hope you will keep us informed as this effort moves forward.

We look forward to your response to this recommendation.

Sincerely.

Monte D. Wilson Chair, INEEL CAB cc: Warren Bergholz, DOE-ID
Robert Stallman, DOE-ID
Martha Crosland, DOE-HQ
Fred Butterfield, DOE-HQ
Governor Dirk Kempthorne
Larry Craig, U.S. Senate
Mike Crapo, U.S. Senate
Mike Simpson, U.S. House

Mike Simpson, U.S. House of Representatives Butch Otter, U.S. House of Representatives

Robert L. Geddes, President Pro Tem, Idaho Senate

Laird Noh, Chair, Idaho Senate Resources and Environment Committee

Bruce Newcomb, Speaker, Idaho House of Representatives

Bert Stevenson, Chair, Idaho House Resources and Conservation Committee

Jack Barraclough, Chair, Idaho House Environmental Affairs Committee

Gerald Bowman, DOE-ID

Kathleen Trever, State of Idaho INEEL Oversight

Wayne Pierre, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region X

Jeff Perry, DOE-ID

North Wind, Inc. • 545 Shoup Avenue, Suite 200 • Idaho Falls, Idaho 83402 Phone • (208) 528-8718 Fax • (208) 528-8714



Citizens Advisory Board Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory

Disposition of V-Tank Contents

The Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory (INEEL) Citizens Advisory Board (CAB) understands that the U.S. Department of Energy Idaho Operations Office (DOE-ID), Region X of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and the State of Idaho have selected a preferred alternative for the disposition of the contents of the V-Tanks, located in Waste Area Group (WAG) 1 at Test Area North (TAN) on the INEEL.

We understand that:

- Four tanks comprise the V-Tanks, each with a volume of waste, including both liquids and sludge, which contains transuranic waste.
- The Waste Acceptance Criteria for the INEEL Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act Disposal Facility (ICDF) prohibit disposal of any waste containing greater than 10 nanocuries per gram (nCi/g) of transuranic radionuclides.
- Most of the curie content (radioactivity) is in the sludge
- Leaving some liquid with the sludge would facilitate the retrieval and the oxidation treatment processes

The following table portrays what we understand about the contents of the four V-Tanks:

Tank	Capacity	Volume			Transuranic
		Liquid	Sludge	Total	Concentrations
V-1	10,000 gallon	1,164 gallons	520 gallons	1,684 gallons	10.94 nanocuries per gram
V-2	10,000 gallon	1,188 gallons	458 gallons	1,596 gallons	4.02 nanocuries per gram
V-3	10,000 gallon	7,660 gallons	652 gallons	8,312 gallons	2.18 nanocuries per gram
V-9	400 gallon	70 gallons	250 gallons	320 gallons	26.39 nanocuries per gram

Our current understanding of the preferred approach would entail:

- 1. Removal of 5,000 to 6,000 gallons of the liquid in Tank V-3 to reduce the total volume that would require disposal in the ICDF.
- 2. The contents of Tanks V-9 and V-3 would be combined. This is significant because the contents of Tank V-9 exceed the waste acceptance criteria for transuranic concentrations at ICDF; when combined with Tank V-3, however, the pre-treatment transuranic concentration, thus diluted, would be well below acceptable limits.
- 3. Three batches would be treated: one would include the contents of Tank V-1, a second the contents of Tank V-2, and the third would include the contents of Tanks V-9 and V-3 (combined).
- 4. Disposal at the ICDF.

The INEEL CAB notes that the described approach would result in a combined volume from the four tanks that would have a curie content of 4.38 nCi/g prior to treatment and 8.77 nCi/g or 7.51 nCi/g if 6,000 or 5,000 gallons were removed (respectively) prior to treatment. Following treatment, the treated product would have a curie content of 1.5 nCi/g, well below the Waste Acceptance Criteria limit of 10 nCi/g.

The INEEL CAB finds the preferred alternative to be acceptable as long as the three agencies are certain that the final product will, in fact, meet the Waste Acceptance Criteria for ICDF. We would not favor this approach if it jeopardized DOE's ability to dispose the entire volume in ICDF.

The INEEL CAB recommends that DOE and the regulators carefully review the preferred approach from a technical and regulatory perspective to ensure that batching the contents of the V-Tanks in this manner would not cause the total volume of treated waste product to be excluded from ICDF disposal.